

Key Vocabulary

Science—Learning about how and why things happen the way they do by observing, describing and experimenting.

Life processes—Things all living things do (move, grow, breathe, sense, reproduce, excrete and collect energy).

Living—Things that are living have all the life processes

Dead—Things that were once living. They did have all the life processes but don't now.

Never living—Things that have never been living. They never had the life processes.

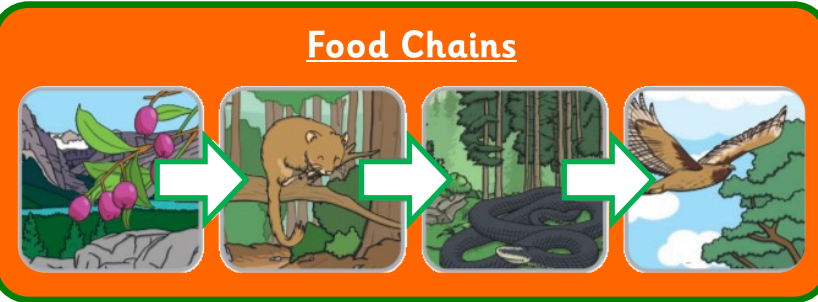
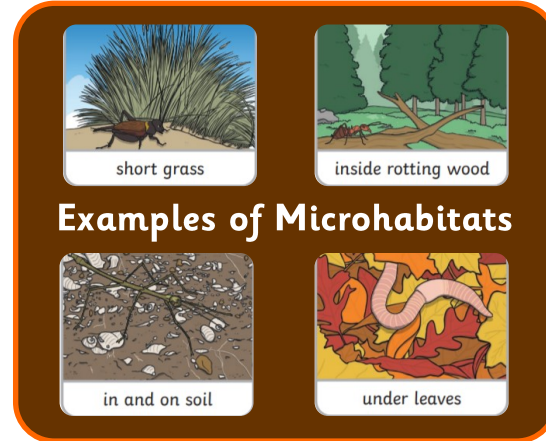
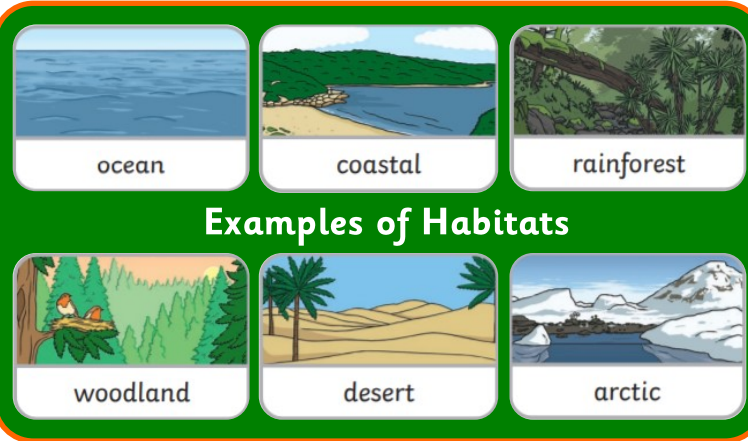
Food chain—Shows how each animal gets its food. One of the ways that living things depend on each other.

Food sources—The place a living thing's food comes from.

Habitat—The natural home of living things. It provides them with everything needed to survive (food, water, shelter)

Microhabitat—A very small habitat where minibeasts live, for example, under a rock, on a branch.

Survive—To stay alive



Life Processes

Characteristics of living things

- Movement
- Respiration
- Sensitivity
- Growth
- Reproduction
- Excretion
- Nutrition

MRS GREN

Living, dead, never alive



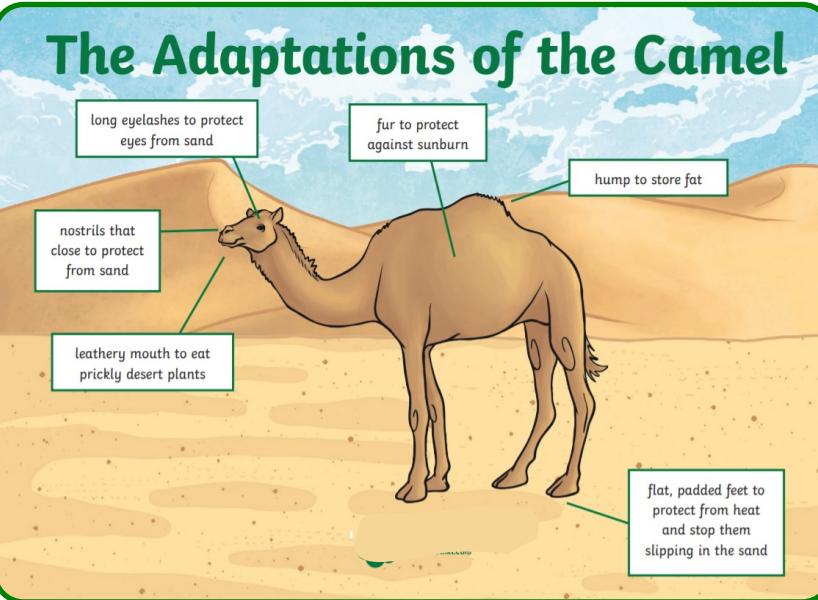
living



dead



never living



Key Questions

- How do we know if something is alive, dead or has never been alive?
- What are local habitats and are they similar to one another?
- How are micro-habitats different to other habitats?
- What are world habitats?
- What is adaptation?
- How are animals able to survive in their habitats?
- What are food chains and why are they important?